Application No. 10/849,515 Amendment in response to Office action dated January 24, 2006 Attorney Docket No. FS-F03334-01

Amendment to the claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of claims:

- 1. (currently amended) A photothermographic material comprising an image forming layer containing at least a photosensitive silver halide, a non-photosensitive organic silver salt, a reducing agent and a binder, on one surface of a support, and comprising at least one back layer and a back surface protective layer, on the other surface of the support, wherein a binder of the back surface protective layer contains a water-soluble polymer and a latex polymer having a glass transition temperature of -30°C to 24°C, and the back surface protective layer comprises a fluorocarbon compound containing a fluoroalkyl group having two or more carbon atoms and 12 or less fluorine atoms.
- 2. (original) The photothermographic material according to claim 1 comprising the latex polymer in an amount of 5% by weight to 50% by weight with respect to a total amount of the binder in the back surface protective layer.
- 3. (original) The photothermographic material according to claim 2 comprising the latex polymer in an amount of 15% by weight to 40% by weight with respect to the total amount of the binder in the back surface protective layer.
- 4. (previously presented) The photothermographic material according to claim 1, wherein the latex polymer has a glass transition temperature of -30°C to 20°C.
- 5. (original) The photothermographic material according to claim 1, wherein the latex polymer is at least one polymer selected from acrylic polymers, styrene polymers, acrylic/styrene copolymers, styrene/butadiene copolymers, vinyl chloride polymers, vinylidene chloride polymers and urethane polymers.

Application No. 10/849,515 Amendment in response to Office action dated January 24, 2006

; TAIYO, NAKAJIMAANDKATO

Attorney Docket No. FS-F03334-01

;0333556430

- 6. (original) The photothermographic material according to claim 5, wherein the latex polymer is an acrylic latex polymer.
- 7. (currently amended) The photothermographic material material according to claim 1, wherein the latex polymer has an I/O value of 0.1 to 1.0.
- 8. (original) The photothermographic material according to claim 7, wherein the latex polymer has an I/O value of 0.5 to 0.9.
- 9. (original) The photothermographic material according to claim 1, wherein the latex polymer comprises an anionic surfactant.
- 10. (original) The photothermographic material according to claim 9, wherein the anionic surfactant is at least one selected from salts of alkylbenzene sulfonic acid and diesters of sulfosuccinic acid.
- 11. (original) The photothermographic material according to claim 1, wherein the water-soluble polymer is gelatin.
- 12. (original) The photothermographic material according to claim 1, wherein the water-soluble polymer is at least one selected from polyvinyl alcohols and acrylic acid/polyvinyl alcohol copolymers.

13. (cancelled)

- 14. (currently amended) The photothermographic material according to claim 13 1, comprising a wherein the fluorocarbon compound containing contains a fluoroalkyl group having 5 to 9 fluorine atoms.
- 15. (currently amended) An image forming method for photothermographic material using a thermal developing apparatus, wherein the thermal developing apparatus comprises an imagewise exposure portion and a thermal development portion having a driving roller and a plate heater, and the

Application No. 10/849,515 Amendment in response to Office action dated January 24, 2006 Attorney Docket No. FS-F03334-01

photothermographic material according to claim 1 is imagewise exposed in the imagewise exposure portion and thermally developed in the thermal development portion by contacting a surface of the photothermographic material at a side at which the image forming layer is disposed with the driving roller, and by contacting a surface of the photothermographic material at a side at which the back layer is disposed with the plate heater.